

cautions.

A bomb operated by clock work was discovered today under the veranda of the pavillion of the Limpsfield Tennis Club in Surrey. Suffragette literature found nearby indicated that an explosion had been planned by the militants

had been planned by the militants. Contending that it is illegel to suppress newspapers in advance. James Ramsay MacDonald and James Kier Hardie, both members of Parliament, announced to-night their readiness to undertake the re-sponsibility of printing the Suffragette, for the absolute suppression of which the government is striving. Mr. MacDonald is government is striving. Mr. MacDonald is opposed to militancy, but is fighting for free speech.

WOULD ANNEX AMERICA.

Suffragette Says This Is Purpose of

British Peace Mission.

LONDON, May 12.-Mies Lillian Scott Troy, a novelist and magazine writer from San Francisco, who interested her-self in obtaining the release from prison of Miss Zelie Emerson, a Michigan suf-fragette, has written a letter to Senator

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dinary charges against fins. and other noted Americans. Senator O'Gorman should receive the Senator Longerow. In it Miss communication tomorrow. In it Miss Troy makes the extraordinary allegation that the annexation of the United States to England is the ultimate object of the peace movement promoted by Mr. Carne-

gle and others. The accusations by Miss Troy became known here today. They are not taken seriously

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She names Elihu Root and the late John Hay as prime movers in behalf of the peace propaganda, since the inauguration of which, she declares, the relations be-tween the United States and Germany and the United States and Japan have become strained. Miss Troy suggests it is to England's interest to see the United States weak-ened in conflict with Germany or Japan. She asserts that while Theodore Roose-velt was in Africa the duke of Con-naught's aid suggested he should influ-ence the United States to hand the Phil-ippines over to Japan; that the idea of the arbitration treaties was not Taft's, but that of Carnegie and King Edward, who sent it to America to be labeled "Made in the U. S. A.;" The Hague tri-bunal is essentially a British product, in-stituted simply for the ultimate undoing of the United States, and that Dr. Nich-olas Murray Butler, president of Colum-bia University, and others are rewriting American history to disparage the he-roes of the Revolution. American history to disparage the he-roes of the Revolution.

FREE ENTRY OF PAPER.

Customs Court Decides That Euro-

pean Nations May Benefit.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The customs court today decided that European na-tions are entitled to the free entry of wood pulp and paper under the "most favored nations clause" of their commer-cial treaties with the United States, be cause the free entry nivilege is granted

cial treaties with the United States, be-cause the free entry privilege is granted to Canada under the only operative clause of the Canadian reciprocity agreement. The court also held that the Treasury Department had placed a correct inter-pretation upon the Canadian reciprocity act by immediately adding wood pulp and paper free without reciprocal action by Canada Dissenting opinions were deliv-Canada. Dissenting opinions were delivered.

Norway, Russia, Austria-Hungary and Germany claimed the right of free entry of wood pulp and paper from their re-spective countries. Former President

of wood pulp and paper from their re-spective countries. Former President Taft declined to grant the request and referred the question to the courts. It cannot be stated whether the Treas-ury Department or the Department of Justice will appeal the case to the su-preme court. It has been the attitude of the government to oppose all appeals from the customs court, because the act creating the court says the decision of the customs court shall be final. The fact that the question involves the interpreta-tion of treaties may cause the government tion of treaties may cause the government to appeal.

AUTO CHARGED CHILDREN

Editor: (May 13, 1913). Would Annex America [says Lillian Scott Troy], p. 20. The Commercial Appeal (Memphis, Tennessee).

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TRANSCRIPTION

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